HOUSE BILL No. 1150

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 2-2.1; IC 4-10-21-0.5; IC 4-10-21-9; IC 4-13-2-18.

Synopsis: State spending cap. Imposes general expenditure controls on the state beginning with the budget adopted for the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2011. Provides procedures for the implementation of the spending controls. Permits the general assembly to appropriate and the state to expend an amount exceeding the general expenditure limit if at least two-thirds of the members of the senate and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives adopt a resolution declaring the general assembly's intent to authorize the additional expenditure. Provides that the business cycle state spending controls expire at the end of the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2011.

Effective: July 1, 2010.

Clere, Truitt, Noe

January 7, 2010, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.





Second Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2010)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2009 Regular and Special Sessions of the General Assembly.

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HOUSE BILL No. 1150

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state offices and administration.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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- SECTION 1. IC 2-2.1-4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
 A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
 1, 2010]:
 - Chapter 4. General Expenditure Controls
 - Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to appropriations and allotments for state fiscal years that begin after June 30, 2011.
 - Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "budget period" means a biennium beginning July 1 of an odd-numbered year.
 - Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "controlled state fund" refers to the following:
 - (1) The state general fund.
 - (2) The counter-cyclical revenue and economic stabilization fund.
- 14 (3) The state tuition reserve fund.
 - Sec. 4. (a) As used in this chapter, "expenditure" refers to an expenditure from a controlled state fund in a state fiscal year.
 - (b) The term does not include the following:



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1	(1) A payment of a tax refund or refundable tax credit related	
2	to a state tax liability.	
3	(2) A transfer between controlled state funds or accounts	
4	within a controlled state fund.	
5	(3) The costs of judgments and settlements.	
6	(4) A distribution of revenue from any of the following excise	
7	taxes to a political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13):	
8	(A) Financial institutions excise tax (IC 6-5.5).	
9	(B) Motor vehicle excise taxes (IC 6-6-5).	
10	(C) Commercial vehicle excise taxes (IC 6-6-5.5).	
11	(D) Boat excise tax (IC 6-6-11).	
12	(E) Aircraft excise tax (IC 6-6-6.5).	
13	(5) A distribution of state tax revenues collected under IC 7.1	
14	that is payable to a city or town.	
15	(6) The costs of making motor vehicle excise tax replacement	
16	payments.	
17	(7) A distribution or an allocation of state tax revenues to a	
18	unit of local government under IC 36-7-13, IC 36-7-26,	
19	IC 36-7-27, IC 36-7-31, or IC 36-7-31.3.	
20	(8) The costs of providing supplemental distributions under	
21	IC 4-33-13-5 to replace riverboat admissions taxes.	
22	(9) A transfer from the state general fund to the build Indiana	
23	fund required under IC 4-33-13-5(d).	
24	(10) A distribution of state tax revenues collected under any	
25	other statute that is:	
26	(A) deposited in a controlled state fund; and	
27	(B) payable to a political subdivision.	
28	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "IPI growth quotient" refers to	V
29	the Indiana personal income growth quotient determined under	
30	section 7 of this chapter.	
31	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "state spending cap" for a state	
32	fiscal year refers to the limit on expenditures determined under	
33	section 8 of this chapter.	
34	Sec. 7. (a) The IPI growth quotient for a specified state fiscal	
35	year is the amount determined under STEP THREE of the	
36	following formula:	
37	STEP ONE: For each of the six (6) calendar years	
38	immediately preceding the specified state fiscal year, divide:	
39	(A) the Indiana personal income for the calendar year; by	
40	(B) the Indiana personal income for the immediately	
41	preceding calendar year.	
42	STEP TWO: Add the quotients determined under STEP ONE.	



1	STEP THREE: Divide:
2	(A) the STEP TWO result; by
3	(B) $six (6)$.
4	(b) Not later than January 31 of each odd-numbered year, the
5	budget agency shall determine the IPI growth quotient for the state
6	fiscal year beginning July 1 of the odd-numbered year
7	Computation of the IPI growth quotient must be based on Indiana
8	personal income, as computed by the federal Bureau of Economic
9	Analysis or its successor using any actual data for a calendar year
10	and any estimated data by the federal Bureau of Economic
11	Analysis or its successor, as determined appropriate by the Bureau
12	or its successor.
13	(c) The budget agency shall publish the IPI growth quotient
14	determined under subsection (b) for a particular budget period in
15	the Indiana Register not later than February 15 of each
16	odd-numbered year. In addition, the budget agency shall publish
17	historic IPI growth quotient data in the Indiana Register not later
18	than July 1 of each odd-numbered year.
19	Sec. 8. (a) The maximum total expenditure allowed from
20	controlled state funds for a budget period is the sum of the
21	maximum total expenditures allowed from controlled state funds
22	for each state fiscal year of the budget period.
23	(b) The maximum total expenditure allowed from controlled
24	state funds for the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2011, is the
25	amount determined under STEP SIX of the following formula:
26	STEP ONE: Determine the actual total expenditure from
27	controlled state funds for the state fiscal year beginning July
28	1, 2009.
29	STEP TWO: Adjust the STEP ONE result to account for
30	differences in spending responsibilities from controlled state
31	funds between:
32	(A) the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2009; and
33	(B) the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2011;
34	in terms of actual expenditures for the state fiscal year
35	beginning July 1, 2009.
36	STEP THREE: Determine the IPI growth quotient for the
37	state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010.
38	STEP FOUR: Multiply:
39	(A) the STEP TWO result; by
40	(B) the STEP THREE result.
41	STEP FIVE: Determine the IPI growth quotient for the state
12	fiscal year haginning July 1 2011



1	STEP SIX: Multiply:	
2	(A) the STEP FOUR result; by	
3	(B) the STEP FIVE result.	
4	(c) This subsection applies only to state fiscal years beginning in	
5	an odd-numbered year after June 30, 2013. The maximum total	
6	expenditure allowed from controlled state funds for the first state	
7	fiscal year of a budget period beginning July 1 of an odd-numbered	
8	year is the amount determined under STEP THREE of the	
9	following formula:	_
10	STEP ONE: Determine the maximum total expenditure	
11	allowed from controlled state funds for the state fiscal year	
12	beginning July 1 of the immediately preceding	
13	even-numbered year, as calculated under subsection (d).	
14	STEP TWO: Determine the IPI growth quotient for the first	
15	state fiscal year of the budget period.	
16	STEP THREE: Multiply:	
17	(A) the STEP ONE result; by	
18	(B) the STEP TWO result.	
19	(d) This subsection applies only to state fiscal years beginning	
20	in an even-numbered year after June 30, 2012. The maximum total	
21	expenditure allowed from controlled state funds for the second	
22	state fiscal year of a budget period beginning July 1 of an	
23	even-numbered year is the amount determined under STEP	
24	THREE of the following formula:	
25	STEP ONE: Determine the maximum total expenditure	
26	allowed from controlled state funds for the first state fiscal	
27	year of the budget period, as calculated under subsection (b)	
28	or (c).	- 1
29	STEP TWO: Determine an estimated IPI growth quotient for	
30	the second state fiscal year of the budget period, based on an	
31	estimate by the budget agency of Indiana personal income for	
32	the calendar year that includes July 1 of the first state fiscal	
33	year of the budget period.	
34	STEP THREE: Multiply:	
35	(A) the STEP ONE result; by	
36	(B) the STEP TWO result.	
37	(e) The budget agency shall publish:	
38	(1) the maximum total expenditure amounts determined	
39	under subsections (b), (c), and (d), as applicable, for the	
40	budget period beginning July 1 of an odd-numbered year; and	
41	(2) the IPI growth quotients for each state fiscal year;	
42	in the Indiana Register not later than February 15 of the	



1	odd-numbered year. Except for revisions to correct calculation
2	errors, the maximum total expenditure amounts published under
3	this subsection remain in effect for the duration of the
4	corresponding budget period.
5	Sec. 9. Except as provided in sections 10, 11, and 14 of this
6	chapter, the state spending cap for a state fiscal year equals the
7	amount of the maximum total expenditure determined under
8	section 8(b), 8(c), or 8(d) of this chapter, as applicable. The general
9	assembly shall not appropriate, and the budget director may not
10	allot, a total sum of expenditures in a state fiscal year that exceeds
11	the state spending cap.
12	Sec. 10. The general assembly, by approval of a two-thirds (2/3)
13	majority of the house of representatives and a two-thirds (2/3)
14	majority of the senate, may increase the state spending cap above
15	the amount that would otherwise be permitted by application of the
16	IPI growth quotient. However, an action of the general assembly
17	under this section may be taken only if the action is taken for one
18	(1) or more of the following reasons:
19	(1) A spending responsibility has shifted from another level of
20	government to a controlled state fund.
21	(2) A spending responsibility has shifted from a fund not
22	limited by this chapter to a fund limited by this chapter.
23	(3) There will be in the state fiscal year in which the increased
24	state spending cap initially applies:
25	(A) an expansion of state services that requires additional
26	state expenditures; and
27	(B) additional revenue from a tax increase that has been
28	enacted to finance the additional state services and
29	spending.
30	Sec. 11. The general assembly, in a regular session, may
31	authorize an emergency appropriation by enacting a supplemental
32	appropriations act and a joint resolution that contains all the
33	statements described in section 12 of this chapter. A supplemental
34	appropriations act must be approved by a two-thirds (2/3)
35	majority of the house of representatives and a two-thirds (2/3)
36	majority of the senate.
37	Sec. 12. A joint resolution described in section 11 of this chapter
38	must contain the following:
39	(1) A statement that all spending authorized in the act exceeds
40	the limit of the state spending cap.
41	(2) A description of the amount of emergency expenditures
42	and an explanation of the specific circumstances that created



1	the need for a supplemental appropriation.
2	Sec. 13. Except as allowed in an emergency appropriation under
3	section 11 of this chapter, all appropriations for expenditures for
4	a state fiscal year, including continuing appropriations, are void if
5	the total amount appropriated for expenditures exceeds the
6	amount allowed by the state spending cap for the state fiscal year
7	under this chapter. If the appropriations for a state fiscal year are
8	voided under this section, the general assembly in a regular or
9	special session may reappropriate an amount that does not exceed
10	the amount allowed by the state spending cap under this chapter.
11	Sec. 14. (a) Subject to subsection (c), reductions in the state
12	spending cap are mandatory in each year when spending
13	responsibility is:
14	(1) shifted from a controlled state fund or to another level of
15	government; or
16	(2) transferred from a controlled state fund to a fund that is
17	not limited by this chapter.
18	The state spending cap must be decreased by the amount of the
19	shift or transfer.
20	(b) The amount of the state spending cap reduction shall be
21	determined by the budget agency upon the recommendation of the
22	budget committee by a simple majority vote.
23	(c) If the budget agency determines that:
24	(1) the amount of a state spending cap reduction required
25	under subsection (a) is less than one-tenth of one percent
26	(0.1%); or
27	(2) there is a need to waive the mandatory downward
28	adjustment;
29	the state spending cap reduction must receive a unanimous
30	recommendation from the budget committee to take effect.
31	SECTION 2. IC 2-2.1-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
32	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
33	1, 2010]:
34	Chapter 5. Budget Bill Requirements
35	Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to appropriations and
36	allotments for state fiscal years that begin after June 30, 2011.
37	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "controlled state fund" has the
38	meaning set forth in IC 2-2.1-4-3.
39	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "digest" refers to the description
40	of the contents of a bill or a conference committee report that is
41	located on:
42	(1) the cover page of a bill; or



1	(2) the first page of a conference committee report.
2	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "expenditure" has the meaning
3	set forth in IC 2-2.1-4-4.
4	Sec. 5. The digest of a budget bill or a conference committee
5	report on a budget bill must contain the following information:
6	(1) The total amount of appropriations from controlled state
7	funds.
8	(2) The total amount of appropriations for expenditures
9	subject to IC 2-2.1-4 from controlled state funds.
10	(3) The expenditure limit for controlled state funds
11	established under IC 2-2.1-4.
12	SECTION 3. IC 4-10-21-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
13	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
14	1, 2010]: Sec. 0.5. This chapter applies only to state fiscal years
15	ending before July 1, 2011.
16	SECTION 4. IC 4-10-21-9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
17	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
18	1, 2010]: Sec. 9. This chapter expires June 30, 2011.
19	Notwithstanding sections 3 and 8 of this chapter, in 2010, the
20	budget agency is not required to calculate the new state spending
21	growth quotient required by section 3 of this chapter or submit the
22	report to the general assembly required by section 8 of this
23	chapter.
24	SECTION 5. IC 4-13-2-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 18. (a) For the purpose
26	of the administration of the allotment system provided by this section,
27	each fiscal year shall be divided into four (4) quarterly allotment
28	periods, beginning respectively on the first day of July, October,
29	January, and April. However, in any case where the quarterly allotment
30	period is impracticable, the state budget director may prescribe a
31	different period suited to the circumstances but not extending beyond
32	the end of any fiscal year.
33	(b) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, the
34	provisions of this chapter relating to the allotment system and to the
35	encumbering of funds shall apply to appropriations and funds of all
36	kinds, including standing or annual appropriations and dedicated funds,
37	from which expenditures are to be made from time to time by or under
38	the authority of any state agency. However, the provisions relating to
39	the allotment system shall not apply to moneys made available for the
40	purpose of conducting a postaudit of financial transactions of any state
41	agency. Likewise, appropriations for construction or for the acquisition

of real estate for public purposes may be exempted from the allotment



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will be less than were anticipated; and

(2) as a consequence the amount available for the remainder of the term of the appropriation or for any allotment period will be less than the amount estimated or allotted therefor; he the budget director shall, with the approval of the governor, and after notice to the state agency or agencies concerned, reduce the amount or amounts allotted or to be allotted so as to prevent a deficit. (g) This subsection applies to state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2011. The definitions in IC 2-2.1-4 apply throughout this subsection. Allotments for a state fiscal year that exceed the state spending cap are void. The budget agency shall allot money for an appropriation, including an appropriation that is not made in a specific amount, to provide that the total allotment for expenditures from controlled state funds in a state fiscal year does not exceed the state spending cap. If the budget director finds that the projected expenditures for the remainder of a state fiscal year probably will exceed the state spending cap, the budget director shall, with the approval of the governor and after notice to the state agency or agencies concerned, reduce the amount or amounts allotted or to be allotted to prevent a total allotment that exceeds the state spending cap.

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- (g) (h) The state budget agency shall promptly transmit records of all allotments and modifications thereof to the auditor of state.
- (h) (i) The auditor of state shall maintain as a part of the central accounting system for the state, as hereinbefore provided, records showing at all times, by funds, accounts, and other pertinent classifications, the amounts appropriated, the estimated revenues, the actual revenues or receipts, the amounts allotted and available for expenditure, the total expenditures, the unliquidated obligations, actual balances on hand, and the unencumbered balances of the allotments for each state agency.
- (i) No payment shall be made from any fund, allotment, or appropriation unless the auditor of state shall first certify that there is a sufficient unencumbered balance in such fund, allotment, or appropriation after taking into consideration all previous expenditures to meet the same. In the case of an obligation to be paid from federal funds, a notice of a federal grant award shall be considered an appropriation against which obligations may be incurred, funds may be allotted, and encumbrances may be made.
- (i) (k) Every expenditure or obligation authorized or incurred in violation of the provisions of this chapter shall be void. Every payment made in violation of the provisions of this chapter shall be illegal, and every official authorizing or making such payment, or taking part



therein, and every person receiving such payment, or any part thereof
shall be jointly and severally liable to the state for the full amount so
paid or received. If any appointive officer or employee of the state shall
knowingly incur any obligation or shall authorize or make any
expenditure in violation of the provisions of this chapter, or take any
part therein, it shall be ground for his the officer's or employee's
removal by the officer appointing him, the officer or employee, and
if the appointing officer be other than the governor and shall fail to
remove such officer or employee, the governor may exercise such
power of removal after giving notice of the charges and opportunity for
hearing thereon to the accused officer or employee and to the officer
annointing him the officer or amployee







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IN 1150—LS 6583/DI 51+